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Report of American Bar Association

(continued)

SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON COMMUNIST TACTICS, STRATEGY, AND OBJECTIVES

THE AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION TOOK NO ACTION ON THIS REPORT, BUT SENATOR STYLES BRIDGES INSERTED THE REPORT IN FULL IN THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

It was reprinted in *American Opinion*, December, 1958.

COMMUNIST TACTICS (continued)

In the first session of Congress since the Watkins decision the House Un-American Activities Committee conducted only one investigation and the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee held only one public hearing. On July 5, 1958, the press reported that congressional investigations into the Communist conspiracy have reached an all-time low for the last two decades, although committee files are bulging with data on the conspiracy which are crying for exploration.

The experience of France, and particularly Germany, shows the danger of restricting legislative investigations. Bismarck so feared the power of parliamentary investigation that he dissolved the Prussian Parliament when it attempted to assert its right of investigation. Historians agree that the lack of legislative investigation was the greatest single cause for the authorisation of Imperial Germany. When the Weimar Republic was created, Article 34 of the constitution granted the Reichstag the power "to appoint investigating committees." When the Reichstag attempted to exercise its constitutional right, the German Constitutional Court, in two key cases, narrowed the scope of parliamentary inquiry so considerably that the investigating powers of the Reichstag were inadequate to its tasks. As a result, the Reichstag never exposed the Nazi Party, or Hitler's purges, concentration camps, and secret police. The success of the Nazi conspiracy taught the German Supreme Court a lesson. On August 17, 1956, it handed down a scholarly 375-page opinion which outlawed all activities of the Communist conspiracy in West Germany.

3. Elimination of Federal and State security programs. This tactic has been completely successful in regard to non-sensitive positions, although evidence is abundant that the Communist conspiracy considers nonsensitive positions vitally important. Military security officers have caught Communist janitors collecting the contents of waste baskets and Communists stenographers making an extra carbon copy of all documents and mailing them to their Communist superiors. The *New York Times* reported on July 11, 1958, that there are more than three hundred Government employees dismissed or suspended as security risks who are due to be reinstated with back pay.

Everyone admits that Government employment is not a

right but a privilege. Yet the effect of the Cole, Service, Slochower, and Sweezy decisions is to prevent Federal and State Governments from withdrawing this privilege from those who associate with Communists or who are security risks.

On July 9, 1958, the legal chief of the State Department Passport Division testified in Congress that, as a result of the June, 1958 decisions in the Kent and Dayton cases, the State Department has had to issue seventy-seven passports to suspected subversives and has another seventy applications pending whose travel abroad will be against the security of the United States. He pleaded for early passage of the legislation submitted by President Eisenhower to overcome these decisions and to give the State Department authority to bar passports from persons whose travel abroad may be deemed injurious to American security.

Joseph Z. Kornfeder, one of the founders of the Communist Party, U.S.A., who is now anti-Communist, testified that American passports are essential to Communist spying operations. These Supreme Court decisions, he testified, will save the Soviet Union time and money because it will no longer be necessary to forge American passports.

4. The peace offensive. On April 1, 1951, the House Un-American Activities Committee issued a report called "The Communist Peace Offensive: a Campaign to Disarm and Defeat the United States." This document showed in detail how intellectuals, professors, writers, and others who influence public opinion, were sucked into various Communist peace fronts. This report said: "The most dangerous hoax ever devised by the international Communist conspiracy is the current world wide 'peace' offensive."

Today, under the slogans "peace" and "peaceful co-existence," we are witnessing a revival of this Communist peace offensive. The Czechs and Hungarians found that co-existence with communism is like getting into a cage with a hungry lion; after the lion has eaten the man, they lie down and coexist in peace. Peaceful coexistence means Communist conquest without war. In his February, 1956 report to the 20th Congress, Khrushchev asserted in Aesopian language that peaceful coexistence would lead to the victory of world communism.

(Continued on page 2.)

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From Week to Week

It is a widely held belief that because of the enormous expansion of knowledge, particularly in recent times, "we" know more than our ancestors. But by far the greater part of what is known is quite inaccessible to any individual—firstly because even a life-time of study could not encompass the field of knowledge, and secondly because the individual's memory is limited. There is nothing to suggest that modern man can know more than ancient man, except in so far as the technique of acquiring knowledge has improved. The content of contemporary knowledge is generally very different from that of ancient times: it is more technical, and in many cases, almost exclusively so. Indeed, for the majority in industrialised communities, what they know is what it is necessary for them to know to be "gainfully employed," and little else.

Apart from this technical, "employable," knowledge, we might class knowledge in a very broad way as a man's knowledge of his experience. The fulness of experience must be independent of historical time. What did Shakespeare, Plato, the Buddha experience? Perhaps the answer is best expressed as intensity, as opposed to superficiality. The profound can be discovered and experienced today in works of ancient time or of any time.

Modern knowledge is a collective attribute, and it is one part of the cultural heritage; its real importance to the individual is the importance of the field to the flower. To view it otherwise, as if it were a matter in which the individual should take pride, is to fall victim to the hypnosis of collectivism.

REPORT OF AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION—

(continued from page 1.)

Dr. Fred C. Schwartz, in his testimony before the House Un-American Activities Committee, has accurately described what the Communists mean by peace: "Every act that contributes to the Communist conquest is a peaceful act. If they take a gun, they take a peaceful gun, containing a peaceful bullet, and kill you peacefully and put you in a peaceful grave. When the Chinese Communists murder millions, it is an act of peace. When the Russian tanks rolled into Budapest to butcher and destroy, it was a glorious peace." This is what Edgar J. Hoover calls "semantic sabotage." We cannot negotiate with the Communists because they insist black is white and murder is peaceful coexistence.

5. Summit conferences. Four experts on communism testified before the U.S. Un-American Activities Committee on April 30, 1958, that "the Kremlin looks upon a summit conference solely as another weapon in its program of global conquest." Dr. David J. Dallin, Dr. Anthony T. Bouscaren, Dr. James D. Atkinson, and Mr. Francis J. McNamara all declared that "in seeking an international conference, the purpose of the Soviet Union is not to negotiate peace but to disarm the West intellectually and psychologically." All four consultants were in agreement that another summit conference would constitute "a grave setback for the free world." Other experts have said that a summit conference, in Red double-talk, means a "submit conference."

We must bear in mind that Communists have the most deplorable record in all history for violation of solemn treaties and that it is the policy of Communists to promise anything and to perform nothing unless it serves their immediate ends. Just as a confirmed alcoholic is not cured by being invited to have one more drink, so a confirmed treatybreaker is not cured by being invited to sign a new treaty. The President is therefore right in demanding that Communists first demonstrate their good faith by complying with their prior agreements. Without such evidence of good faith, the conference becomes merely a Communist vehicle for propaganda purposes.

6. Cultural exchanges. Nikita Khrushchev's famous report of February, 1956, lists cultural and business exchange as one of those developments which will bring about the growing weakness of the United States and advance world socialism. On June 2, 1957, Khrushchev appeared on American television screens and called for a wider exchange of cultural delegations. On December 22, 1957, the Communist *Daily Worker* declared that perhaps the best Christmas present Santa Claus will bring America will be the widespread cultural exchange of certain Americans with Soviet agents coming to this country.

On January 27, 1958, the United States signed a two-year agreement with Soviet Russia for the exchange of persons in the cultural, scientific, technical and educational fields. Matt Cvetic, former F.B.I. undercover agent who worked with the Communists for nine years, said: "Every single delegate from Russia or a satellite country with whom I ever came in contact myself, while posing as a Communist

for the F.B.I., was either a member of the Soviet secret police or the Soviet espionage apparatus. The primary activity of every one of Moscow's cultural delegates while in this country is to promote the Communist world revolution." E. H. Cookridge, former British secret service agent and an authority on Soviet espionage had this to say: "Every Soviet football team, every athlete competing at an international sport event, Soviet scientists attending a congress abroad, the Moscow Ballet performing in a western capital or a group of Soviet artists at a film festival are invariably accompanied by special agents of the Soviet secret police." Judge Robert Morris, who has spent the last seventeen years intensively studying the Communist conspiracy, said: "In past years of the exchange, secret police have passed as farmers, ice skaters, clergymen, and scientists for the purpose of conducting espionage operations in this country."

We commend the Veterans of Foreign Wars for their brilliant evaluation of the program of cultural exchanges with Soviet Russia. The V.F.W. said: "The United States is losing and Moscow is gaining through this program as it is now operated . . . Moscow obviously wants only those exchanges and contacts which give its trusted agents an opportunity to mislead foreigners about the Soviet Union . . . Moscow has also used the visitor-exchange program as a means of weakening United States security regulations." We also commend A.F.L.-C.I.O. President George Meany for his statement on cultural exchanges: "No believer in the basic principles of free trade unionism could today conceivably desecrate these principles by undertaking to visit a country whose tyrannical leadership has for the forty years of its existence been the avowed and uncompromising enemy of all human rights."

Cultural interchange with Soviet Russia is a one-way street. When Americans go to Russia, they speak only through interpreters, see only what the Communists want them to see and hear only Communist propaganda. For example, in the Ukraine, the Soviet Government built a children's playground over a mass grave of thousands of anti-Communists. Visitors to Russia, seeing only the surface, come home and report how kind Communists are to their children.

Ivan Pushkar, a Ukrainian imprisoned in slave labor camps in Siberia, testified before the House Select Committee on Communist Aggression how the Russians would "stage these conducted tours for foreigners" with "ruse and fakery and fraud." Henry A. Wallace, in a frank article published in 1952, related that he did not realise during his tour of Soviet Russia how the Communists were making feverish efforts to hoodwink him. Wallace said it was only much later that he learned how a Communist slave labour camp had been transformed into a show city, with prisoners herded out of sight and watchtowers torn down, merely to deceive the American Vice-President. Elinor Lipper verifies this in her book, *Eleven years in Soviet Prison Camps*. As a prisoner in a slave camp visited by Wallace, she gives an inside account of how American tourists in Russia are deceived.

On the other hand, Communist visitors to the United States have been given access to our industrial and agricultural installations. This knowledge has been used to strengthen the Communist dictatorship in areas where it is

weakest, such as labor-saving devices and corn-hog production.

7. Recognition of Red China: Diplomatic recognition is essential to Communist subversion. The Communist espionage apparatus needs the diplomatic immunity of its embassies and consulates to set up spy centres. It needs the unbroken seal of the diplomatic pouch to transmit orders to its spies and couriers and to receive back their reports and microfilmed documents.

How the Red diplomatic apparatus functions is described in detail in the report of the Canadian Royal Commission which investigated code clerk Igor Gouzenko's revelations, in the Report of the Australian Royal Commission which investigated Embassy Secretary Vladimir Petrov's confession, and in the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee investigation of the United States Communists working for the U.N. conducted by Senator Herbert O'Connor, past chairman of this committee.

That Red China will model her tactics after the tactics of Soviet Russia is made clear by the statement of premier Chou En-lai in the Communist magazine *International Affairs*:

"The great Communist Party of China, organised by progressive elements of the Chinese people, was founded and developed under the influence of the October Revolution, and was modelled on the Communist Party of the Soviet Union."

8. Halt nuclear tests: The current Communist tactic to get an agreement with the West halting nuclear tests is similar to Soviet exploitation of the agreement made at Panmunjom not to rearm the North and South Koreans with jet planes and other modern weapons. The Soviets promptly violated this agreement. Then they violated its inspection clause by refusing to permit the neutral inspection team to inspect North Korean airfields.

Most experts agree that the net result of the suspension of nuclear tests would be that the United States would stop testing but that, within the vast isolated Soviet land mass, there would be circumvention of the ban on testing.

The National Academy of Sciences, in a report on *The Biological Effects of Atomic Radiation*, said that the United States population is exposed to radiation from the natural background of cosmic rays, etc. of about 4.3 roentgens and from medical and dental X-rays of about 3 roentgens. Nuclear weapon tests—if continued at the rate of the past five years—would give a probably thirty-year dose of about 0.1 roentgen. This is less than one would get from a radium dial on a wrist watch. This report was confirmed by a report to Parliament made by the Medical Research Council of Great Britain.

9. East-West trade: Krushchev's report of February 14, 1956 calls for East-West trade; and this has been part of the Communist line for many years. Foreign trade, to a Communist country, is a means of waging cold war. It is a means of obtaining from the outside world the strategic materials with which it can arm itself for world conquest. Trading with the Communist bloc would be a psychological as well as a military defeat for the United States. The goods we might sell to the Communist bloc will be used against us just as the superb Rolls-Royce jet engines sold

to Russia were used to power the Mig-15's against us in Korea.

In May, 1958, Khrushchev sent an eight-page letter to President Eisenhower in which he brazenly suggested that the United States grant Soviet Russia long-term dollar credits in order to finance trade with the United States. We would not gain by trading our machinery for Soviet I.O.U.'s or even Russia's raw materials. The Senate Report on the "Accessibility of Strategic and Critical Materials," issued July 9, 1954, shows that the Western Hemisphere contains all the seventy-seven critical and strategic materials needed for military security. The answer to the propaganda for East-West trade is more North-South trade.

10. Propaganda: Communists are spending three billion dollars a year on propaganda which is reaching every city and hamlet in our Nation. In one day, Communist propaganda coming through New York City alone fills three large warehouses, and not a single piece is labelled "Communist propaganda" as required by the Foreign Agents Registration Act. This propaganda comes not only from Russia, but also from Red China, from Iron Curtain countries, and from Western Europe. Much additional Red propaganda is published in the United States by Communist publishers.

The House Un-American Activities Committee recently reported: "Propaganda is part of a global program which ranks as one of the Kremlin's most important instruments of conquest." Henry Loomis, former Director of the Office of Research and Intelligence of the United States Information Agency, estimated that twenty-five million persons throughout the world are directly engaged in disseminating Communist propaganda.

11. Humiliation: As a dialectical maneuver in between its peace offensive and its drive for a summit conference the Kremlin uses the tactic of humiliation. This tactic had already been used by the Communists on American prisoners in Korea.

Communists masterminded insulting demonstrations all over South America against Vice-President Nixon, which included spitting on him and the throwing of rocks and garbage. On July 18, 1958, a mob of 100,000 Communists gathered in front of the American Embassy in Moscow and threw ink bottles and stones which shattered most of the windows on the first five floors. All spring there was a wave of demonstrations against the American information agencies in various parts of the world, with burnings of the American libraries. This summer, there has been a series of kidnappings of American citizens: nine United States soldiers held by East Germany; nine United States airmen shot down in Armenia; and forty-seven civilians, sailors and marines kidnapped in Cuba. In addition, there is an untold number of Americans who are being held captive in the Soviet Union. In an interview this summer, John Noble, one of the few captives who have been released, made this statement about American prisoners in Red slave-labor camps: "Every day the Russians taunted us—'If you had a Government in America, they'd get you out.'"

III

HINDSIGHT OR FORESIGHT

On June 17, 1958, when the Soviet news agency *Tass*, announced the execution of former Hungarian Premier Imre Nagy, Gen. Pal Maleter, and two other leaders of the anti-Communist rebellion of 1956, western leaders expressed shock and dismay. General Maleter, the hero of the rebellion, was seized by the Soviets when he met with them under a flag of truce to negotiate the withdrawal of the Red army from Budapest. Nagy and his associates were executed although they had received a written guaranty of safe conduct when they left their asylum in the Yugoslav Embassy.

To even the most elementary student of Communist history and tactics, these enormous acts of treachery came as no surprise. In March, 1945, sixteen top leaders of the Polish Government were invited to Moscow for negotiations and were promised, on the word of honor of the Soviet Government, that they would have safe conduct. All sixteen were arrested and then vanished. Nothing was heard of any of them until ten years later, when the wife of General Leopold Okulicki was notified of his death nine years before in a Soviet prison. The perfect parallel between Soviet betrayal of safe-conduct pledges to the Poles in 1945 and to the Hungarians in 1958 should remind Western leaders of the old Indian maxim: "Pale face cheat red man once, shame on pale face. Pale face cheat red man twice, shame on red man." Since the Katyn Forest Massacre of 1943, it has been obvious that coexistence with communism is a contradiction in terms.

With each succeeding act of Soviet bad faith, many western spokesmen express surprise. When anti-Communists reply, "You should have expected this," the politically naive make a common rejoinder: "That is mere hindsight; no one could have predicted that the Communists could be that bad." It is appropriate to point that informed anti-Communists have always known and publicly stated that it is impossible to negotiate with international communism.

(To be continued)

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